Here's Some S*** I Learned:

Enumerating Azure AD and ARM



whoami

- Leron Gray
 - Azure Red Team @ Microsoft
 - aka daddycocoaman
 - https://daddycocoaman.dev
 - https://github.com/daddycocoaman
 - aka Ohm-I (pronounced oh-my)
 - Nerdcore rapper
 - https://mcohmi.com
 - Ten-year Navy veteran
 - Lover of Python and Pythonic things

Agenda

- Azure Active Directory
- Azure Resource Manager
- Tools for interacting with AAD and ARM
- Stormspotter

Azure Active Directory

Azure Active Directory

Manage

- Users
- Groups
- External Identities
- Roles and administrators
- Administrative units
- Enterprise applications
- Devices
- App registrations
- Identity Governance
- Application proxy
- Licenses
- Azure AD Connect
- Custom domain names
- Mobility (MDM and MAM)
- Password reset
- Company branding

- Cloud-based identity and access management service, which helps your employees sign in and access resources.
- So basically...

SORTA LIKE ACTIVE DIRECTORY....BUT IN AZURE!

WOW!

AAD Objects

Users

Standard user/member identity.

Groups

A group of objects (users, groups, service principals, etc).

Applications

Used as a template to create one or more service principal objects.

Service Principals

 Local representation, or application instance, of a global application object in a single tenant or directory.

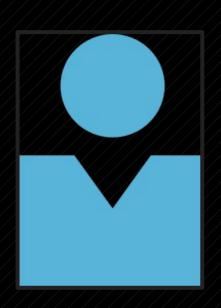
Devices

Managed devices can be added to AAD

Roles

- Defines permissions for AAD objects
- Examples: Global/Company Administrator, User Account Administrator, Directory Members





- Standard identity for a user.
- Users can be internal or external
 - Internal: <alias>@<tenant>.onmicrosoft.com
 - External: <alias>_<HomeTenant>#EXT#@<tenant>.onmicrosoft.com
 - Example:

Leron.Gray@stormspotter.onmicrosoft.com

Leron.Gray_microsoft.com#EXT#@stormspotter.onmicrosoft.com

Kelly Santana

Kelly.Santana@stormspotter.onmicrosoft.com



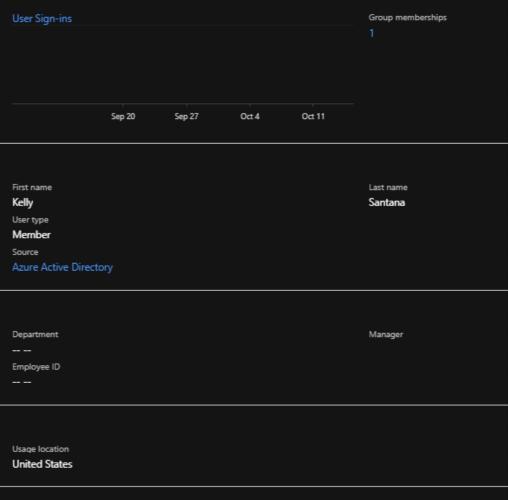
IdentityName

Kelly Santana

User Principal Name

Kelly.Santana@stormspotter.onmicrosoft.com

d880ee73-a1fa-4055-bbc3-2ae3bf200d59



Settings

Company name

Job info

Block sign in Usage location
Yes United States

Contact info

-- --

 Street address
 State or province
 Country or region

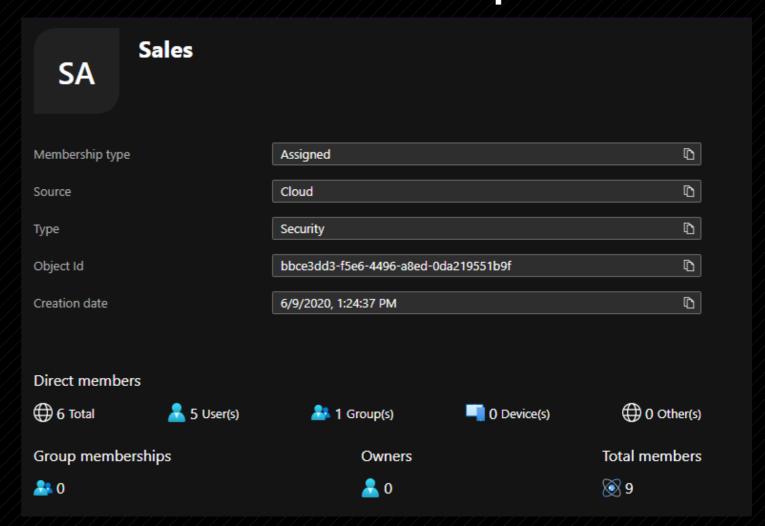
 23099 Mckee Shores Apt. 962
 WV
 US

 City
 ZIP or postal code
 Office phone

 Crystalfort
 --- 731-884-2213

 Email
 Alternate email
 Proxy address

AAD Groups

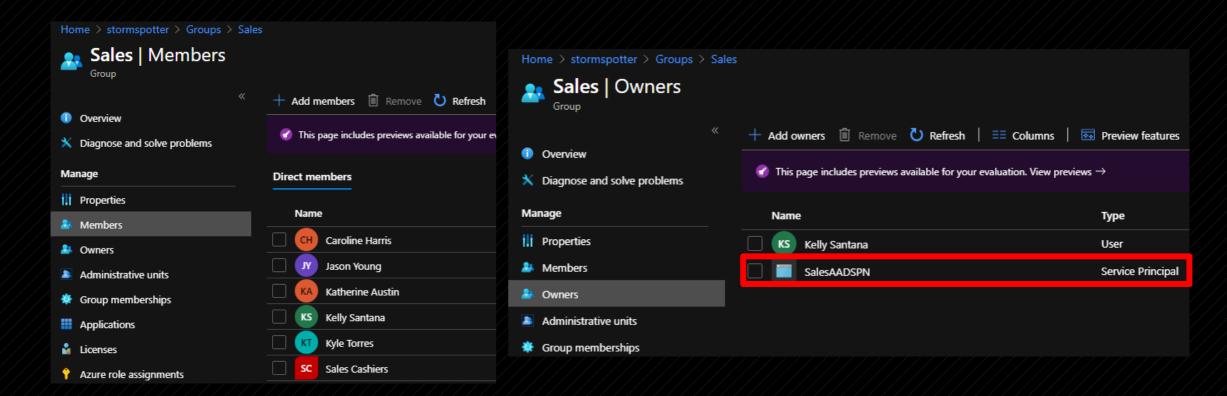


Direct Members

Direct members All members	
∠ Search by name	+ Add filters
Name	Туре
CH Caroline Harris	User
KA Katherine Austin	User
Jason Young	User
SC Sales Cashiers	Group
KS Kelly Santana	User
KT Kyle Torres	User

Unrolled Members

Direct members All members	
Name	Туре
CH Caroline Harris	User
KA Katherine Austin	User
JA Johnny Anderson	User
KH Kristen Howell	User
JY Jason Young	User
SC Sales Cashiers	Group
DF Dave Frank	User
KS Kelly Santana	User
KT Kyle Torres	User

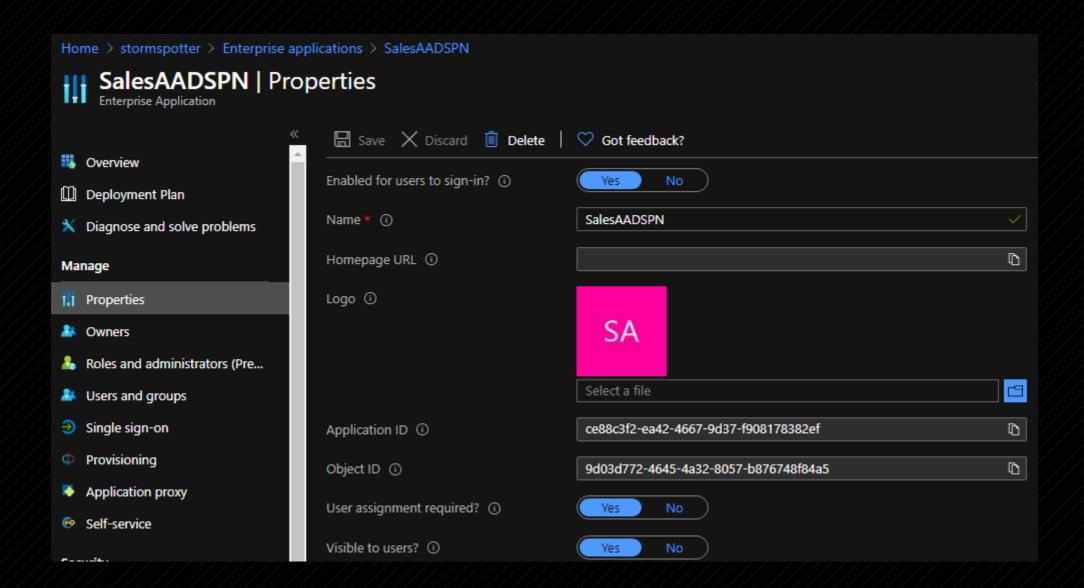


 Groups can have owners who don't have to be members of the group.



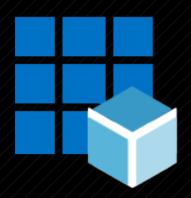
AAD Applications

- Used as a template to create service principals for authentication.
- Applications can be single tenant or multitenant.
- Multi-tenant apps will be homed in the tenant they were created in, but the service principal will be created in the target tenant.

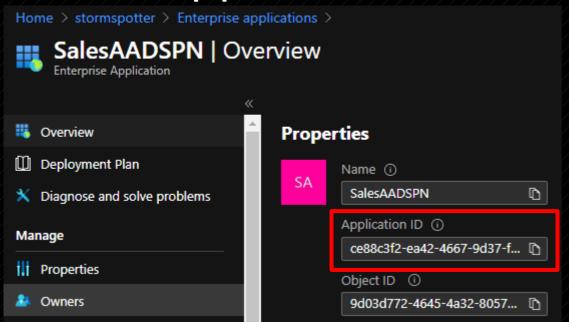


AAD Service Principals

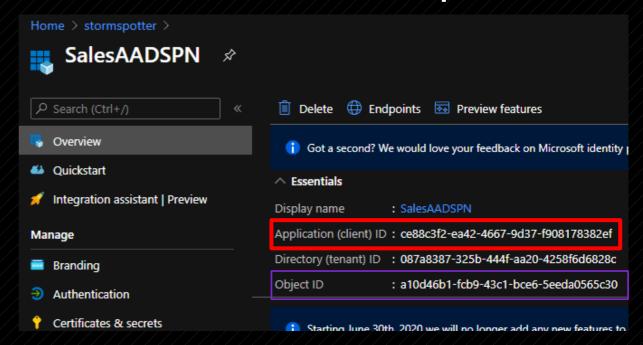
- Instance of an AAD application somewhere.
- Essentially a service account. Credentials can be added to log in as the identity.
 - Password
 - Certificates
- Creating an SPN directly will also create an application



Application



Service Principal



Devices

- AAD joined or registered device.
 - Joined Typically corporate resource
 - Registered Typically "Bring Your Own Device"





AAD Roles



- Define permissions for other AAD Objects.
- Built-in roles have a predefined set of permissions.
- Custom roles can be added but permissions should be audited to ensure roles aren't too permissive.

/		
	Conditional Access administrator	Can manage conditional access capabilities.
	Customer LockBox access approver	Can approve Microsoft support requests to access customer organizational data.
	Pesktop Analytics administrator	Can access and manage Desktop management tools and services.
	has Directory readers	Can read basic directory information. Commonly used to grant directory read access to applications and guests.
	harders Directory writers	Can read and write basic directory information. For granting access to applications, not intended for users.
	Dynamics 365 administrator	Can manage all aspects of the Dynamics 365 product.
	Exchange administrator	Can manage all aspects of the Exchange product.
	External ID user flow administrator	Can create and manage all aspects of user flows.
	External ID user flow attribute administrator	Can create and manage the attribute schema available to all user flows.
	External Identity Provider administrator	Can configure identity providers for use in direct federation.
\checkmark	Global administrator	Can manage all aspects of Azure AD and Microsoft services that use Azure AD identities.
	Global reader	Can read everything that a global administrator can, but not update anything.
	Groups administrator	Can manage all aspects of groups and group settings like naming and expiration policies.
	Guest inviter	Can invite guest users independent of the 'members can invite guests' setting.
	Helpdesk administrator	Can reset passwords for non-administrators and Helpdesk administrators.
	♣ Hybrid identity administrator	Can enable, deploy, configure, manage, monitor, and troubleshoot cloud provisioning and authentication services.
	nsights administrator	Has administrative access in the Insights app.
	Insights business leader	Can view and share dashboards and insights via the M365 Insights app.
	Intune administrator	Can manage all aspects of the Intune product.
	Kaizala administrator	Can manage settings for Microsoft Kaizala.
	License administrator	Ability to assign, remove and update license assignments.

AAD Role Permissions

Summary

Name: Helpdesk administrator

Description:

Users with this role can change passwords, invalidate refresh tokens, manage service requests, and monitor service health. Invalidating a refresh token forces the user to sign in again. Helpdesk administrators can reset passwords and invalidate refresh tokens of other users who are non-administrators or assigned the following roles only:

- Directory Readers
- Guest Inviter
- Helpdesk Administrator
- Message Center Reader
- Password Administrator
- Reports Reader

Template ID:

729827e3-9c14-49f7-bb1b-9608f156bbb8

- Permissions have a namespace, an object in the namespace, sometimes properties, and an action.
- More information:

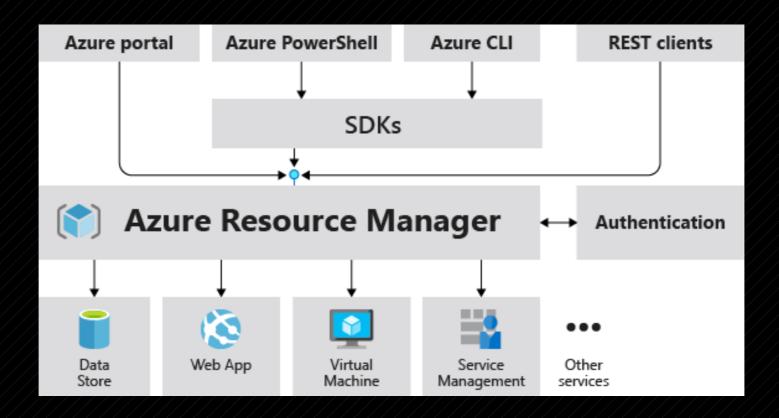
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/users-groups-roles/directory-assign-admin-roles

Role permissions	
microsoft.directory/users/invalidateAllRefreshTokens	Invalidate all user refresh tokens in Azure Active Directory.
microsoft.directory/users/bitLockerRecoveryKeys/read	
microsoft.directory/users/password/update	Update passwords for all users in Azure Active Directory. See online documentation for more detail.
microsoft.azure.serviceHealth/allEntities/allTasks	Read and configure Azure Service Health.
microsoft.azure.supportTickets/allEntities/allTasks	Create and manage Azure support tickets for directory-level services.
microsoft.office365.webPortal/allEntities/standard/read	Read basic properties on all resources in microsoft.office365.webPortal.
microsoft.office365.serviceHealth/allEntities/allTasks	Read and configure Office 365 Service Health.
microsoft.office365.supportTickets/allEntities/allTasks	Create and manage Office 365 support tickets.
This role also grants the following basic read permissions to guests and service p	orincipals
microsoft.directory/administrativeUnits/standard/read	Read basic properties on administrativeUnits in Azure Active Directory.
microsoft.directory/administrativeUnits/members/read	Read administrativeUnits.members property in Azure Active Directory.
microsoft.directory/applications/standard/read	Read standard properties of applications.
microsoft.directory/applications/owners/read	Read owners on all types of applications.
microsoft.directory/applications/policies/read	Read applications.policies property in Azure Active Directory.
microsoft.directory/contacts/standard/read	Read basic properties on contacts in Azure Active Directory.
microsoft.directory/contacts/memberOf/read	Read contacts.memberOf property in Azure Active Directory.
microsoft.directory/contracts/standard/read	Read basic properties on contracts in Azure Active Directory.
microsoft.directory/devices/standard/read	Read basic properties on devices in Azure Active Directory.

Azure Resource Manager

Azure Resource Manager

- Deployment and management service for Azure resources.
- Replaced Azure Service Manager (ASM) which is now known as "Classic".



ARM Terminology

Tenant

Represents an organization

Subscription

- Logical collection of Resource Groups
- Usually separated for billing purposes

Resource Group

Logical collection of resources

Resource

- Any manageable item in Azure. (i.e., Virtual Machines, Web Apps, Storage, Key Vaults)
- Subscriptions and Resource Groups are also considered Resources.

Resource Provider

• A service that providers a type of resource. (i.e. Microsoft.Storage for a storage account).

Role-Based Access Control (RBAC)

- Specifies a set of permissions a user may take on a specific resource. The resource is defined in a scope parameter.
- Not the same as AAD Roles.

Resource Providers

Microsoft.Attestation	Azure Attestation Service
Microsoft.Authorization ¹	Azure Resource Manager
Microsoft.Automation	Automation
Microsoft.AutonomousSystems	Autonomous Systems
Microsoft.AVS	Azure VMware Solution
Microsoft.AzureActiveDirectory	Azure Active Directory B2C
Microsoft.AzureData	SQL Server registry
Microsoft.AzureStack	core
Microsoft.AzureStackHCl	Azure Stack HCl
Microsoft.Batch	Batch
Microsoft.Billing ¹	Cost Management and Billing
Microsoft.BingMaps	Bing Maps
Microsoft.Blockchain	Azure Blockchain Service
Microsoft.BlockchainTokens	Azure Blockchain Tokens
Microsoft.Blueprint	Azure Blueprints
Microsoft.BotService	Azure Bot Service
Microsoft.Cache	Azure Cache for Redis
Microsoft.Capacity	core
Microsoft.Cdn	Content Delivery Network
Microsoft.CertificateRegistration	App Service Certificates
Microsoft. Change Analysis	Azure Monitor
Microsoft.ClassicCompute	Classic deployment model virtual machine
Microsoft. Classic Infrastructure Migrate	Classic deployment model migration
Microsoft.ClassicNetwork	Classic deployment model virtual network
Microsoft.ClassicStorage	Classic deployment model storage

Microsoft.Services	core
Microsoft.SignalRService	Azure SignalR Service
Microsoft.SoftwarePlan	License
Microsoft.Solutions	Azure Managed Applications
Microsoft.Sql	Azure SQL Database Azure SQL Managed Instance Azure Synapse Analytics
Microsoft.SqlVirtualMachine	SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines
Microsoft.Storage	Storage
Microsoft.StorageCache	Azure HPC Cache
Microsoft.StorageSync	Storage
Microsoft.StorSimple	StorSimple
Microsoft.Stream Analytics	Azure Stream Analytics
Microsoft.Subscription	core
microsoft.support ¹	core
Microsoft.Synapse	Azure Synapse Analytics
Microsoft. Time Series Insights	Azure Time Series Insights
Microsoft.Token	Token
Microsoft. Virtual Machinel mages	Azure Image Builder
microsoft.visualstudio	Azure DevOps
Microsoft.VMware	Azure VMware Solution
Microsoft.VMwareCloudSimple	Azure VMware Solution by CloudSimple
Microsoft.VSOnline	Azure DevOps
Microsoft.Web	App Service Azure Functions
Microsoft.WindowsDefenderATP	Microsoft Defender Advanced Threat Protection

Control Plane vs Data Plane

- Operations are divided into two categories: Control (aka Management) and Data.
- The control plane is for managing the resource with ARM. Requests for the control plane are sent to the relevant resource provider.
- The data plane is for managing the operations of the resource within the resource.

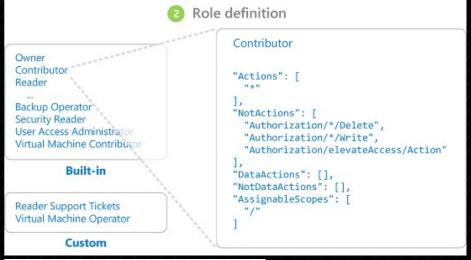
Control Plane	Data Plane
Create/Delete a virtual machine	RDP to the virtual machine
Create/Delete a storage account	Read/write data to the storage account
Create/Delete a database	Query the database

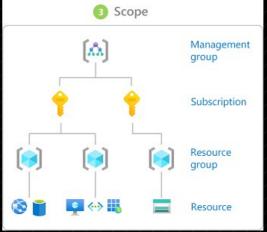
THIS IS AN IMPORTANT CONCEPT FOR RBAC!

ARM Role-Based Access Control

- Authorization system built on ARM that provides access management of Azure resources.
- An RBAC role assignment is based on three parts:
 - Security principal An AAD object such as User, Group, Service Principal, Managed Identity.
 - Role definition Collection of permissions.
 - Scope Set of resources that the access applies to.







General RBAC roles

Built-in role	Description
General	
Contributor	Grants full access to manage all resources, but does not allow you to assign roles in Azure RBAC.
Owner	Grants full access to manage all resources, including the ability to assign roles in Azure RBAC.
Reader	View all resources, but does not allow you to make any changes.

Specific RBAC roles

Storage File Data SMB Share Contributor	Allows for read, write, and delete access on files/directories in Azure file shares. This role has no built-in equivalent on Windows file servers.
Storage File Data SMB Share Elevated Contributor	Allows for read, write, delete, and modify ACLs on files/directories in Azure file shares. This role is equivalent to a file share ACL of change on Windows file servers.
Storage File Data SMB Share Reader	Allows for read access on files/directories in Azure file shares. This role is equivalent to a file share ACL of read on Windows file servers.
Storage Queue Data Contributor	Read, write, and delete Azure Storage queues and queue messages. To learn which actions are required for a given data operation, see Permissions for calling blob and queue data operations.
Storage Queue Data Message Processor	Peek, retrieve, and delete a message from an Azure Storage queue. To learn which actions are required for a given data operation, see Permissions for calling blob and queue data operations.

Role Definitions

- Role Definitions can affect both Management and Data planes.
- Management actions/not actions
 Data – data actions/not data actions
- Management access is not inherited to your data!
 - The permissions to read the containers in a Storage account does not give you the permission to read the blobs in the containers in the account.

```
JSON
  "assignableScopes": [
  "description": "Allows for read access to Azure Storage blob containers and data",
  "id": "/subscriptions/{subscriptionId}/providers/Microsoft.Authorization/roleDefinitions/
  "name": "2a2b9908-6ea1-4ae2-8e65-a410df84e7d1",
  "permissions": [
      "actions":
        "Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/read",
         "Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/biobServices/generateUserDelegationKey/action"
      "notActions": [],
      "dataActions": |
        "Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/blobs/read"
      "notDataActions": []
  "roleName": "Storage Blob Data Reader",
  "roleType": "BuiltInRole",
  "type": "Microsoft.Authorization/roleDefinitions"
```

Actions/Permissions/Operations

Get Blob Metadata	Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/blobs/read
Set Blob Metadata	Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/blobs/write
Lease Blob	Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/blobs/write
Snapshot	Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/blobs/write or
Blob	Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/blobs/add/action
Copy Blob	For destination blob: Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/blobs/write or
	Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/blobs/add/action (when writing a new blob to the destination)
	For source blob in the same storage account: Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/blobs/read
	For source blob in a different storage account: Available as anonymous, or include valid SAS token
Abort Copy Blob	Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/blobs/write
Delete Blob	Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/blobServices/containers/blobs/delete

Actions/Permissions/Operations

Storage Queue Data Reader

Read and list Azure Storage queues and queue messages. To learn which actions are required for a given data operation, see Permissions for calling blob and queue data operations.

Sometimes names of roles can be misleading.

DataActions

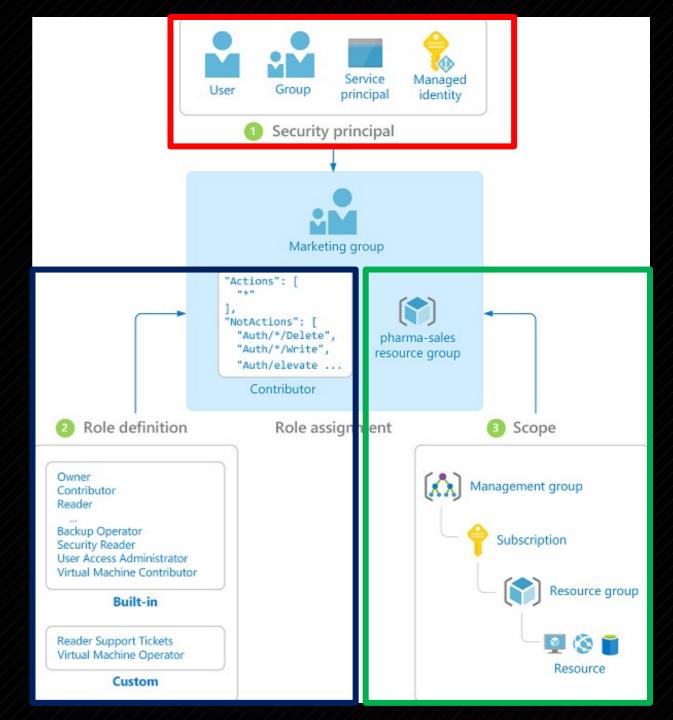
Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/queueServices/queues/messages/rea

Peek or retrieve one or more messages from a queue.

Get Messages

Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/queueServices/queues/messages/process/action or (Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/queueServices/queues/messages/delete and Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts/queueServices/queues/messages/read)

- AAD Objects are a part of the Marketing Group.
- 2. The Marketing Group is assigned Contributor access with a scope for the pharma-sales resource group.
- 3. The Marketing Group has full access to all resources in the pharma-sales resource group but cannot assign RBAC roles to others.



Interacting with AAD and ARM

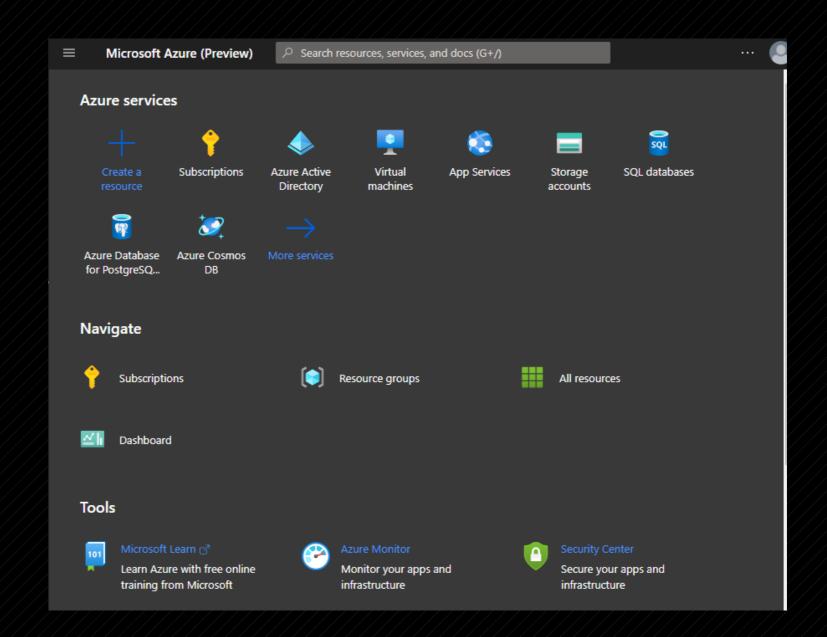
Azure Portal

<u>Azure Public</u> portal.azure.com

<u>US Government</u> portal.azure.us

<u>Germany</u> portal.microsoftazure.de

> <u>China</u> portal.azure.cn



Azure CLI

- Written in Python.
- Login with az login command
- Access tokens saved in ~/.azure/accessTokens.json.

```
az≫ keyvault list
    "id": "/subscriptions/4719d83b-2b61-4ed8-8d46-39b6109a1496/resourceGroups,
    "location": "eastus",
    "name": "lotsOcreds",
    "resourceGroup": "glo",
    "tags": {},
    "type": "Microsoft.KeyVault/vaults"
    "id": "/subscriptions/4719d83b-2b61-4ed8-8d46-39b6109a1496/resourceGroups,
    "location": "northcentralus",
    "name": "SSITKeyVault",
    "resourceGroup": "IT-Dept-rg",
    "tags": {},
    "type": "Microsoft.KeyVault/vaults"
    "id": "/subscriptions/4719d83b-2b61-4ed8-8d46-39b6109a1496/resourceGroups,
    "location": "centralus",
    "name": "ssmanagementkv",
    "resourceGroup": "SSManagement-rg",
    "tags": {},
    "type": "Microsoft.KeyVault/vaults"
```

```
az>> ad user show --id kelly.santana@stormspotter.onmicrosoft.com
  "accountEnabled": false,
  "ageGroup": null,
  "assignedLicenses": [],
  "assignedPlans": [],
  "city": "Crystalfort",
  "companyName": null,
  "consentProvidedForMinor": null,
  "country": "US",
  "createdDateTime": "2020-06-08T19:21:19Z",
  "creationType": null,
  "deletionTimestamp": null,
  "department": null,
  "dirSyncEnabled": null,
  "displayName": "Kelly Santana",
  "employeeId": null,
  "facsimileTelephoneNumber": null,
  "givenName": "Kelly",
  "immutableId": null,
  "isCompromised": null,
  "jobTitle": null,
  "lastDirSyncTime": null,
  "legalAgeGroupClassification": null,
  "mail": null,
  "mailNickname": "Kelly.Santana",
  "mobile": "143-456-3465",
  "objectId": "d880ee73-a1fa-4055-bbc3-2ae3bf200d59",
  "objectType": "User",
  "odata.metadata": "https://graph.windows.net/087a8387-325b-444f-aa20-4258f6d6828c/
  "odata.type": "Microsoft.DirectoryServices.User",
  "onPremisesDistinguishedName": null,
  "onPremisesSecurityIdentifier": null,
  "otherMails": [],
  "passwordPolicies": null,
  "passwordProfile": {
    "enforceChangePasswordPolicy": false,
    "forceChangePasswordNextLogin": true,
    "password": null
```

PowerShell

Az PowerShell Newest version for interacting with Azure.

- Cannot coexist with AzureRM module.
- Login with Connect-AzAccount.

AzureRM

Older version for interacting with Azure.

- Cannot coexist with Az PowerShell.
- Login with Connect-AzureRmAccount

AzureAD

Interacts with Azure Active Directory

- Current versions interact with Microsoft Graph.
- Works in PowerShell Core.

MSOnline

Deprecrated in favor of AzureAD

Does not work in PowerShell Core.

Azure PowerShell

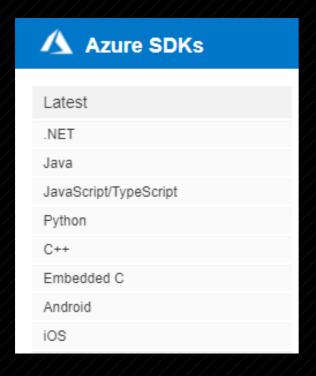
Used for classic resources

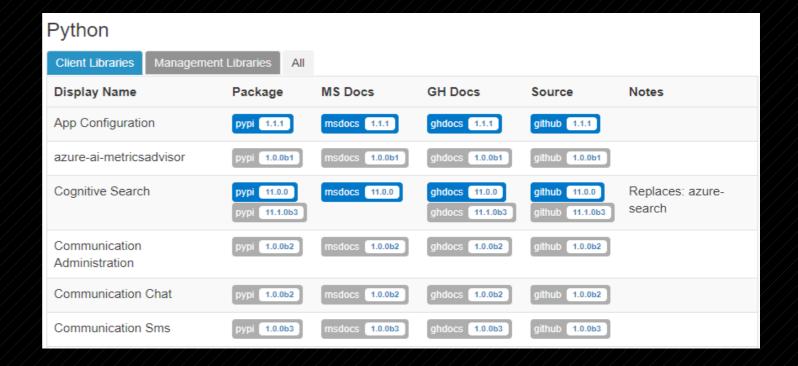
• Some organizations still have classic resources or use classic management certificates

Azure SDKs

https://azure.github.io/azure-sdk/

- SDKs come in a variety of languages.
- Generally broken up into management libraries and client (data plane) libraries.
- There's been a lot of refactoring so make sure you test before implementing updated libraries.





Azure REST APIs

- There's a lot of APIs.
- Read the docs, fam.
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/ /en-us/rest/api/azure/

Examples

GetSecrets

Sample Request

```
HTTP

GET https://myvault.vault.azure.net//secrets?maxresults=1&api-version=7.1
```

Sample Response

Status code: 200

Stormspotter

What is Stormspotter?

- Stormspotter creates an "attack graph" of Azure AD and Azure Resource Manager.
 - Neo4j
 - Python
 - VueJS frontend
- It enables red teams and pentesters to visualize the attack surface and pivot opportunities within a tenant.
- Can also be used by defenders to audit themselves.
- Not an official Microsoft product. Just a tool by a red team. Still in beta.



https://github.com/Azure/Stormspotter

Why does it exist?

- Understanding how a configuration can affect resources is crucial to the security of an environment.
- Relationships are easier to understood when they can be visualized.
- Tools like Bloodhound for displaying relationships in Active Directory have proven that graphs work for security.
 - https://bloodhound.readthedocs.io/en/latest/
 - https://github.com/BloodHoundAD/BloodHound

Would you rather...

Command Line Output

```
az>> ad sp owner list --id 9d03d772-4645-4a32-8057-b876748f84a5 --output jsonc
    "accountEnabled": false,
    "ageGroup": null,
    "assignedLicenses": [],
    "assignedPlans": [],
    "city": "Crystalfort",
    "companyName": null,
    "consentProvidedForMinor": null,
    "country": "US",
    "createdDateTime": "2020-06-08T19:21:19Z",
    "creationType": null,
    "deletionTimestamp": null,
    "department": null,
    "dirSyncEnabled": null,
    "displayName": "Kelly Santana",
    "employeeId": null,
    "facsimileTelephoneNumber": null,
    "givenName": "Kelly",
    "immutableId": null,
    "isCompromised": null,
    "jobTitle": null,
    "lastDirSyncTime": null,
    "legalAgeGroupClassification": null,
    "mail": null,
    "mailNickname": "Kelly.Santana",
    "mobile": "143-456-3465",
    "objectId": "d880ee73-a1fa-4055-bbc3-2ae3bf200d59",
    "objectType": "User",
    "odata.type": "Microsoft.DirectoryServices.User",
```

Stormspotter



Requirements for Using Stormspotter

- AAD
 - Must have read access to either Azure AD (legacy) or Microsoft Graph
 - Azure AD https://graph.windows.net (Primary attempt)
 MS Graph https://graph.microsoft.com (Backup)
- ARM
 - Must have reader access at least at a subscription level
 - Enumeration of resources occurs the subscription level
- Currently only Azure CLI and Service Principal logins supported

DEMO

- Found creds for a user named Kelly Santana.
- Kelly access to read AAD and some Azure resources.
- Can we find a path for lateral movement using Stormspotter?

Things to Consider

- AAD and ARM permissions can be complex.
- Regularly audit permissions to check for changes.
- Follow the Least Privilege rules.
 - You don't need access to an entire subscription or resource group to access a resource as a user.
 - Users who manage resources should only be given access to the resources they need.

Questions?

Leron Gray
Social Media - @mcohmi
Email - daddycocoaman@gmail.com
LinkedIn - https://www.linkedin.com/in/leron-gray
- Put "GrayHat RTV" when adding